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Formed Bellows Ordering Information 成型波纹管订购信息

66701		0075		0300		CB		10		F4	
产品系列		终端A		长度 (mm)		产品类型		材质		内表面处理	
66701	KF法兰金属软管	0050	KF16	0050	xxxx	CB	可弯曲压缩(Compressible Bellows)	10	304	空白	FA
66702	ISO法兰金属软管	0133	CF16	0133		FH	可弯曲不可压缩(Flexible hoses)	40	316L	F4	FF
66703	CF法兰金属软管	0075	KF16	0075				HH	哈氏合金	PT	PTFE涂层
66704	KF法兰外衬编织网金属软管	0212	CF25	0212				TR	纯钛		
66705	ISO法兰外衬编织网金属软管	0100	KF25	0100							
66706	CF法兰外衬编织网金属软管	0275	CF35	0275							
		0150	KF40	0150							
		0338	CF50	0338							
		0200	KF50	0200							
		0450	CF63	0450							
		0250K	ISO63-K	0250K							
		0250F	ISO63-F	0250F							
		0250N	NW63	0250N							
		0462	CF80	0462							
		0300K	ISO80-K	0300K							
		0300F	ISO80-F	0300F							
		0300N	NW80	0300N							
		0600	CF100	0600							
		0400K	ISO100-K	0400K							
		0400F	ISO100-F	0400F							
		0400N	NW100	0400N							
		0675	CF130	0675							
		0600K	ISO160-K	0600K							
		0600F	ISO160-F	0600F							
		0600N	NW160	0600N							
		0800	CF160	0800							
		0800K	ISO200-K	0800K							
		0800F	ISO200-F	0800F							
		0800N	NW200	0800N							
		1000	CF200	1000							
		1000K	ISO250-K	1000K							
		1000F	SO250-F	1000F							
		1000N	NW250	1000N							
		1200	CF250	1200							
		1200K	ISO320-K	1200K							
		1200F	ISO320-F	1200F							
		1200N	NW320	1200N							
		TW	直管对焊	TW							

说明

- 1、直管对焊端为英制规格，尺寸代码参见A21页
- 2、当端口B和端口A代码完全相同时，端口B代码将被省略。
- 3、型号说明仅用于说明型号组成规则，有些组合实际并不存在；如有疑问请联系迈格诺科销售代表。

Bellows & Flexible Hose

Formed Bellows Technical Data

成型波纹管技术参数

Type	Flange	Dimensions, mm			contraction Rate %
		ID	OD	Thickness	
Compressible Bellows	KF10	10.50	15.20	0.15	7.00
	KF16	20.00	30.50	0.15	7.00
	KF25	25.30	36.00	0.15	8.00
	KF40	39.50	54.00	0.15	11.00
	KF50	49.50	65.00	0.15	12.00
	ISO63	62.70	82.00	0.20	13.00
	ISO80	78.50	102.00	0.20	13.00
	ISO100	101.00	126.00	0.20	14.00
	ISO160	149.00	176.20	0.25	23.00
	ISO200	200.00	240.00	0.25	24.00

Flexible Hoses Technical Data

普通波纹管技术参数

Type	Flange	Dimensions, mm			Bending Radius (mm)	
		ID	OD	Thickness	Constant Bending	Repeated Bending
Flexible Hoses	KF10	10.50	15.20	0.15	30.00	40.00
	KF16	20.30	29.00	0.20	70.00	70.00
	KF25	26.00	35.00	0.20	90.00	90.00
	KF40	40.00	52.00	0.25	120.00	120.00
	KF50	54.00	67.00	0.25	140.00	140.00
	ISO63	63.00	80.00	0.25	150.00	150.00
	ISO80	78.50	102.00	0.25	220.00	220.00
	ISO100	101.00	126.00	0.25	280.00	280.00
	ISO160	151.00	179.00	0.30	500.00	500.00
	ISO200	200.00	231.00	0.30	750.00	750.00

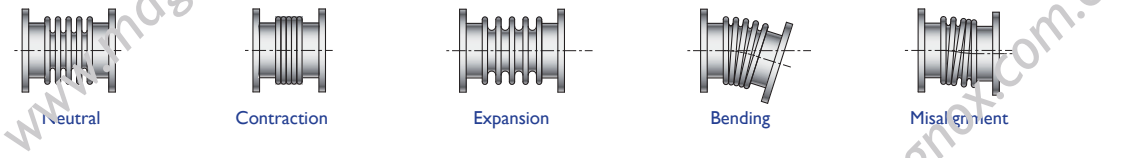
Metal Mesh Bellows Technical Data

金属编织网波纹管技术参数

Type	Flange	Dimensions, mm			Bending Radius (mm)		Max. working pressure(Mpa)
		ID	OD	Thickness	Constant Bending	Repeated Bending	
Single Braid	KF10	10.50	15.20	0.15	30.00	185.00	4.90
	KF16	20.30	29.00	0.20	80.00	140.00	2.90
	KF25	26.00	35.00	0.20	90.00	170.00	3.90
	KF40	40.00	52.00	0.25	120.00	220.00	2.80
	KF50	54.00	67.00	0.25	170.00	220.00	1.50
	ISO63	63.00	80.00	0.25	140.00	240.00	1.60
	ISO80	78.50	102.00	0.25	260.00	250.00	1.60
	ISO100	101.00	126.00	0.25	320.00	280.00	1.10
	ISO160	150.50	178.50	0.30	500.00	600.00	1.00
	ISO200	200.00	231.00	0.30	750.00	850.00	1.10

Basic Motions Of Bellows Expansion Joints






波纹管基本运动形式

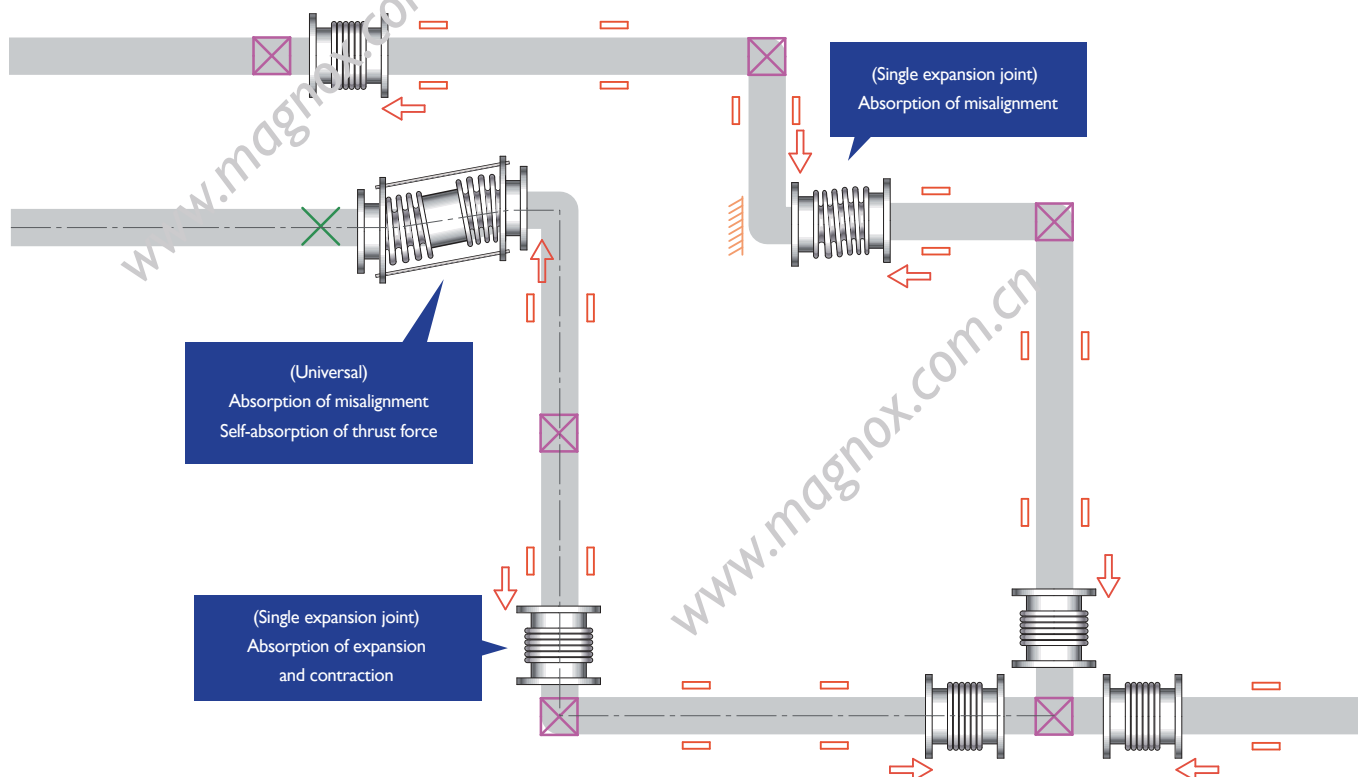


Examples Of Application Of Bellows Expansion Joints

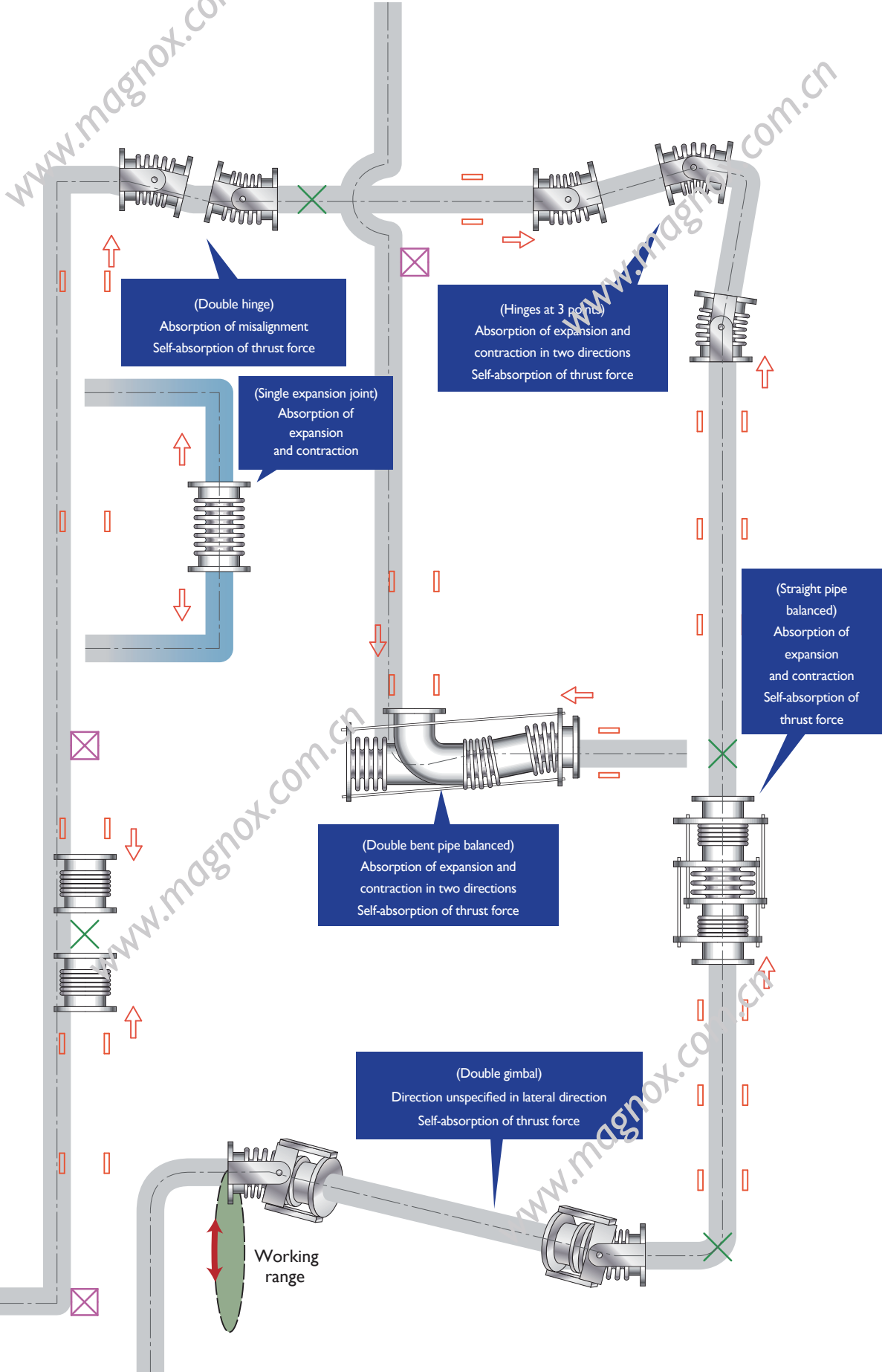
应用实例介绍

Terms and symbols

Term	Description	Symbol
Main anchor	Must be resistant to the expansion joint thrust force and the spring reaction force.	
Slide anchor	Must be resistant to the expansion joint thrust force and the spring reaction force but does not restrain the force in the sliding direction.	
Intermediate anchor	Must be resistant to the spring reaction force of expansion joint.	
Guide	Pipe guide device for transmitting smoothly the necessary force for centering of expansion joint and pipe and movement in the axial direction to the anchor	
Direction of expansion of pipe		



Bellows & Flexible Hose

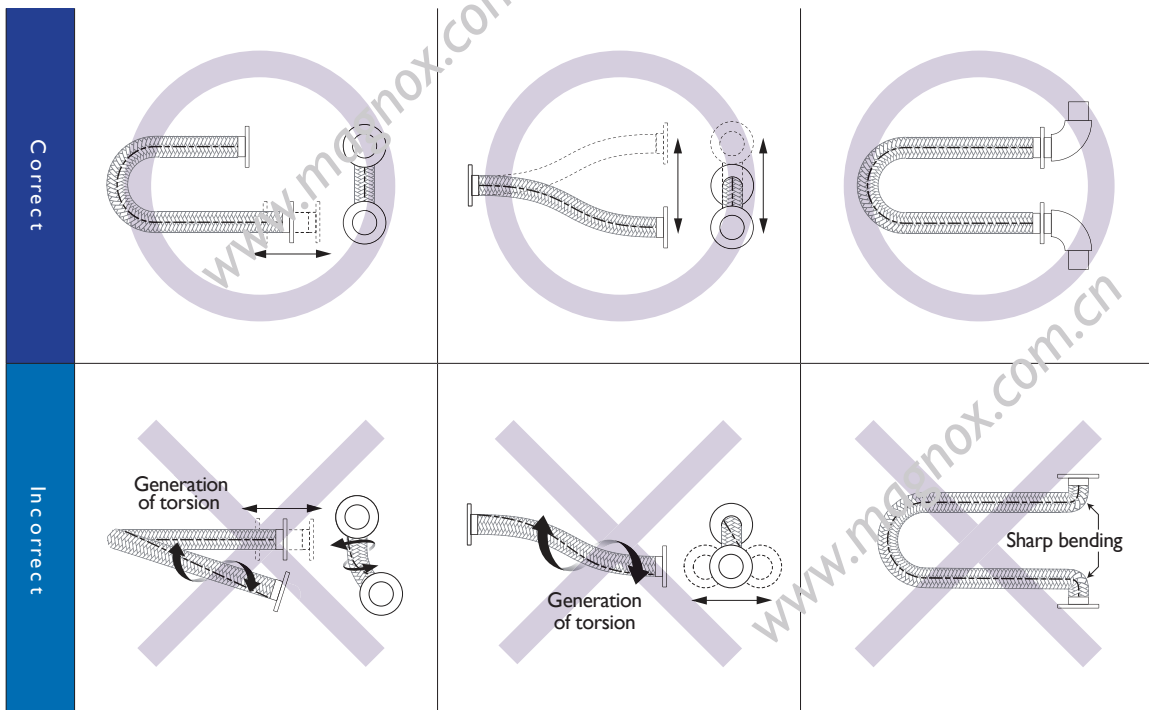


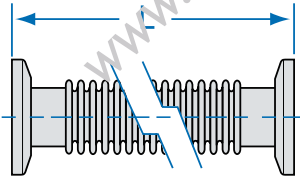
Instructions common to flexible hoses and bellows

- ◆ These products are made from thin plates. Even insignificant impact may damage the products. For transportation, pack them with sufficient packaging materials, and handle them carefully during transportation.
- ◆ Store the products in a clean and dry room. Avoid contact with high moisture, saline matter and high lyacid atmosphere.
- ◆ Use them in the ranges specified in drawings, delivery specifications and catalogs. If any product is used out of the design specifications, it may be damaged.
- ◆ Avoid using fluids which do not have corrosion resistance for each material.
- ◆ Do not expose the products directly to sparks from a welder or a grinder. When using a welder or a grinder near the products, appropriately protect them.
- ◆ If they are moved after installation or used as measures against vibration, fatigue cracks may develop in them in a short period.

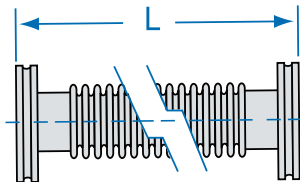
Flexible hoses

- ◆ When installing any flexible hose, do not apply torsion to it. To prevent damage owing to torsion during installation, it is recommended to use a joint, such as a loose flange, union joint or SNM joint, which can prevent torsion at one end of the tube.
- ◆ Do not install any flexible hose in such a way that the tube is twisted when it is bent. Install the tube in such a way that it is constantly on a certain plane to prevent damage to the tube caused by torsion when it is bent.
- ◆ Avoid bending any flexible hose at a sharp angle. If a tube is installed improperly, the tube may be repeatedly bent at a sharp angle. If a tube is used at a radius lower than the allowable minimum bending radius, it will be fatigued early and damaged in a short period.
- ◆ Do not expand or contract any flexible hose. Do not install a tube in an expanded or contracted condition exceeding the specified range.
- ◆ Reworking
Avoid reworking any joint if possible. When reworking a joint, take care not to damage the hose or joint, and protect the hose to prevent entry of dust into the tube.
- ◆ Welding
When welding a hose to a mating pipe joint, take utmost care that the hose is not thermally influenced. Otherwise, it may be distorted, or the material characteristics may be degraded, thereby resulting in early breakage.
- ◆ Examples of correct use and incorrect use

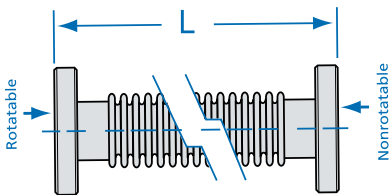




KF Bellows		
Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm
		L
66701-0016	KF16	100/OPTION
66701-0025	KF25	100/OPTION
66701-0040	KF40	100/OPTION
66701-0050	KF50	100/OPTION



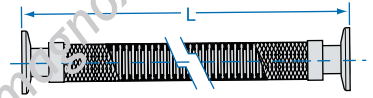
ISO Bellows		
Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm
		L
66702-0063	ISO-63	100/OPTION
66702-0080	ISO-80	100/OPTION
66702-0100	ISO-100	100/OPTION
66702-0160	ISO-160	100/OPTION
66702-0200	ISO-200	100/OPTION



CF Bellows		
Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm
		L
66703-0133	CF16	100/OPTION
66703-0275	CF35	100/OPTION
66703-0338	CF50	100/OPTION
66703-0450	CF63	100/OPTION
66703-0600	CF100	100/OPTION
66703-0800	CF160	100/OPTION

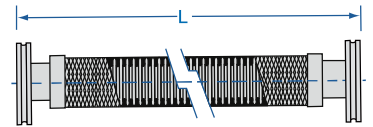
KF Flexible Braided Coupling

Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm	
		Wall Thickness	L
66704-0016	KF16	0.20	100/OPTION
66704-0025	KF25	0.20	100/OPTION
66704-0040	KF40	0.20	100/OPTION
66704-0050	KF50	0.20	100/OPTION



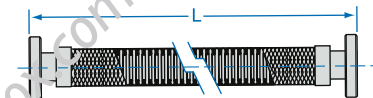
ISO Flexible Braided Coupling

Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm	
		L	
66705-0063	ISO-63	200/OPTION	
66705-0080	ISO-80	200/OPTION	
66705-0100	ISO-100	200/OPTION	
66705-0160	ISO-160	200/OPTION	
66705-0200	ISO-200	200/OPTION	
66705-0250	ISO-250	200/OPTION	
66705-0300	ISO-300	200/OPTION	



CF Flexible Braided Coupling

Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm	
		L	
66706-0133	CF16	200/OPTION	
66706-0275	CF35	200/OPTION	
66706-0338	CF50	200/OPTION	
66706-0450	CF63	200/OPTION	
66706-0600	CF100	200/OPTION	
66706-0800	CF160	200/OPTION	



Vacuum Insulation Double-layer Flexible Hoses

真空双层绝热软管

Features

- ◆ Remarkably high flexibility
- ◆ The excellent heat insulating performance minimizes evaporation of the internal fluid.

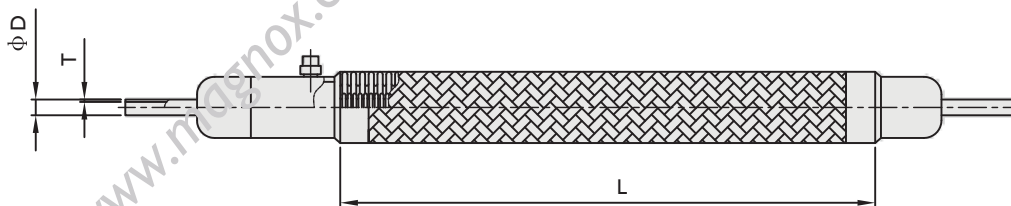
Specifications

Material	Inner hose SUS316L
	Outer hose SUS304
Working pressure MAX	1.0 MPa
Working temperature	MIN -200℃
Allowable leak rate	1.33×10 ⁻¹⁰ Pa·m ³ /sec or less



Remarks

- ◆ Hoses for working pressure of higher than 1 MPa can be designed and fabricated.
- ◆ Hoses having length not shown in the L column can be fabricated.



Standard dimensions

Part Number	Tube Size	Dimensions, mm			
		D	T	L	Min. bending radius
66713-0004	1/4"	6.35	1.0	1000~3000	250
66713-0006	3/8"	9.52	1.0	1000~3000	300
66713-0008	1/2"	12.7	1.2	1000~3000	300

Ultra High Purity Bellows

超高纯波纹管

Specifications

- ◆ Material: 304&316L stainless steel
- ◆ Pressure Rating:
1/4":(10-9torr) to 150 psi (10 bar)
3/8"-1/2":(10-9torr) to 75 psi(5 bar)
- ◆ Temperature Rating:
70 to 1000°F(20 to 537°C)
- ◆ Hoses for working pressure of higher than 1 MPa can be designed and fabricated.
- ◆ Hoses having length not shown in the L column can be fabricated.



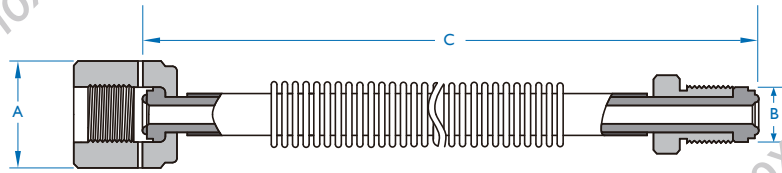
订购信息

Ordering Information

66707		4SW				8		VF		0300		40		F4	
产品系列		终端接口尺寸		终端接口形式A		终端接口尺寸		终端接口形式B		长度(mm)		材质		内表面处理	
66707	金属软管	4	1/4"	TW	TUBE	4	1/4"	TW	TUBE	XXXX	10	304	BLANK	BA	
66708	外衬编织网软管	6	3/8"	SW	Lok	6	3/8"	SW	Lok		40	316L	F4	EP	
		8	1/2"	VM	Male VCR	8	1/2"	VM	Male VCR		PT	PTFE			
		12	3/4"	VF	Fmale VCR	12	3/4"	VF	Fmale VCR		PA	PFA			
		16	1"	OF	Fmale VCO	16	1"	OF	Fmale VCO						
		6M	6mm	OM	Male VCO	6M	6mm	OM	Male VCO						
		8M	8mm	QF	Quick Fittings	8M	8mm	QF	Quick Fittings						
		10M	10mm	NM	Male NPT	10M	10mm	NM	Male NPT						
		12M	12mm	NF	Fmale NPT	12M	12mm	NF	Fmale NPT						
		20M	20mm	PM	Male PT	20M	20mm	PM	Male PT						
		25M	25mm	PF	Fmale PT	25M	25mm	PF	Fmale PT						
				GM	G螺纹外丝			GM	G螺纹外丝						
				GF	G螺纹内丝			GF	G螺纹内丝						

说明

- 1、PTFE及PFA材质只能以带外套编织网形式，且内管为光滑圆管。
- 2、长度为终端至终端的尺寸，表示形式为4位，若总长300mm则表示为0300。
- 3、“选型说明”用于说明型号的组成规则，有些组合实际并不存在：如有疑问，请联系迈格诺科相关销售工程师。



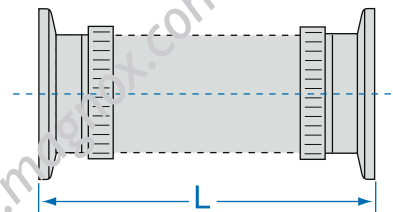
Inlet Type	Dimension,mm		
	A	B	C
Lok-Lok	1/4"Lok	1/4"Lok	OPTION
	3/8"Lok	3/8"Lok	OPTION
	1/2"Lok	1/2"Lok	OPTION
	3/4"Lok	3/4"Lok	OPTION
	1"Lok	1"Lok	OPTION
MVCR-MVCR	1/4"MVCR	1/4"MVCR	OPTION
	3/8"MVCR	3/8"MVCR	OPTION
	1/2"MVCR	1/2"MVCR	OPTION
	3/4"MVCR	3/4"MVCR	OPTION
	1"MVCR	1"MVCR	OPTION
FVCR-FVCR	1/4"FVCR	1/4"FVCR	OPTION
	3/8"FVCR	3/8"FVCR	OPTION
	1/2"FVCR	1/2"FVCR	OPTION
	3/4"FVCR	3/4"FVCR	OPTION
	1"FVCR	1"FVCR	OPTION
FVCR-MVCR	1/4"FVCR	1/4"MVCR	OPTION
	3/8"FVCR	3/8"MVCR	OPTION
	1/2"FVCR	1/2"MVCR	OPTION
	3/4"FVCR	3/4"MVCR	OPTION
	1"FVCR	1"MVCR	OPTION
FVCR-Lok	1/4"FVCR	1/4"Lok	OPTION
	3/8"FVCR	3/8"Lok	OPTION
	1/2"FVCR	1/2"Lok	OPTION
	3/4"FVCR	3/4"Lok	OPTION
	1"FVCR	1"Lok	OPTION
MVCR-Lok	1/4"MVCR	1/4"Lok	OPTION
	3/8"MVCR	3/8"Lok	OPTION
	1/2"MVCR	1/2"Lok	OPTION
	3/4"MVCR	3/4"Lok	OPTION
	1"MVCR	1"Lok	OPTION
TUBE-TUBE	1/4" TUBE	1/4" TUBE	OPTION
	3/8" TUBE	3/8" TUBE	OPTION
	1/2" TUBE	1/2" TUBE	OPTION
	3/4" TUBE	3/4" TUBE	OPTION
	1" TUBE	1" TUBE	OPTION

PVC Hoses & Teflon Bellows

PVC Hoses with NW Flanges

Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm	
		L	
66714-0016	KF16	100/OPTION	
66714-0025	KF25	100/OPTION	
66714-0040	KF40	100/OPTION	
66714-0050	KF50	100/OPTION	

可按照需求定制任意长度。例如，需定制KF25 L=750mm, 订购号为66714-0025-0750



Teflon Bellows with NW Flanges

Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm	
		L	
66709-0016	KF16	100/OPTION	
66709-0025	KF25	100/OPTION	
66709-0040	KF40	100/OPTION	
66709-0050	KF50	100/OPTION	

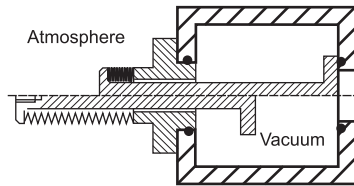
可按照需求定制任意长度。例如，需定制KF25 L=750mm, 订购号为66709-0025-0750



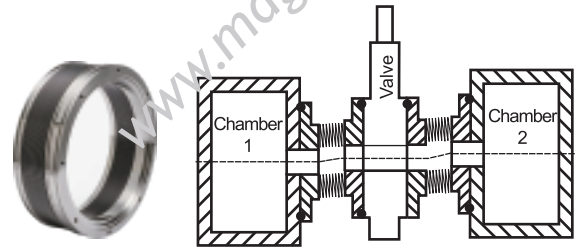
Introduction To Welded Metal Bellows

金属焊接波纹管介绍

Welded metal bellows are flexible connecting elements between vacuum flanges or end fittings of any kind. The welded metal bellow is not a rigid body but can overcome a specified working stroke. Three main fields of application can be identified: as feedthrough, as expansion joint or as vibration isolator.



welded metal bellows can serve as feedthroughs to introduce movements into the vacuum or to separate the vacuum chamber from mechanical parts.



welded metal bellows can serve as compensators to balance thermal expansion and mounting tolerances (e.g. height differences or angular offsets).



welded metal bellows are often used for vibration decoupling, e.g., between vacuum pump and measuring instrument. A special design of the compensator causes a better vibration isolation by an increased number of diaphragm pairs, but enlarges the risk of self-resonance.

Advantages Of Welded Metal Bellows

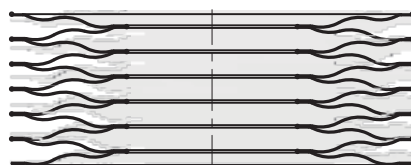
金属焊接波纹管的优点

- ◆ High flexibility
- ◆ Lowest assembly dimension
- ◆ For highest demands in UHV applications
- ◆ Lower spring forces
- ◆ Variable web width (OD-ID)
- ◆ Almost unlimited bellow length
- ◆ Non-circular shapes available (racetrack, rectangular)

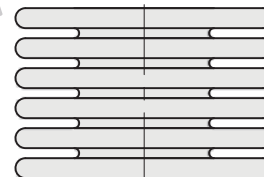
Comparison Of Welded Metal Bellows And Flexible Hoses

金属焊接波纹管与柔性软管比较

In comparison to flexible hoses which are made of a thin-walled, partly bead welded and hydraulically formed tube, welded metal bellows can execute significantly larger lateral, axial, and angular motions in relation to their size. They also have a lower spring rate.



welded metal bellows



Flexible hose

Welded Metal Bellows

Types Of Movements

动作类型

The following movements are possible:

- ◆ Axial
- ◆ Lateral
- ◆ Angular

Any combination of these kinds of movements is possible.

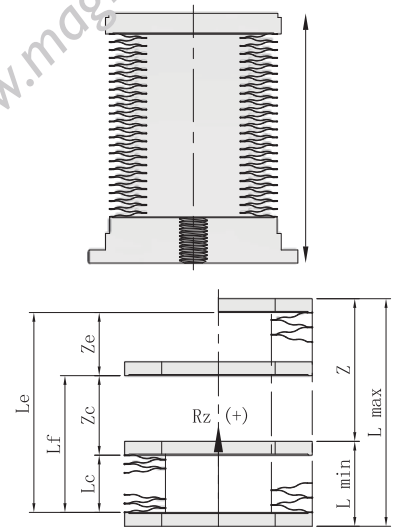
The individual types of movements are briefly explained below:

Axial

The flange surfaces are in parallel position and move towards each other, thereby, no deflection in lateral direction is executed. The axial stroke is attenuated to achieve higher service life, i.e., a stretched stroke should not occur at high-cycle bellows.

Abbreviations axial

- Rz + positive direction of force
- Lf free bellow length (without end fittings)
- Lc compressed bellow length = min. assembly dimension without end fittings
- Le stretched bellow length = max. assembly dimension without end fittings
- Lmin min. assembly dimension incl. end fittings from seal to seal
- Lmax max assembly dimension incl. end fittings from seal to seal
- Z axial stroke according to specification



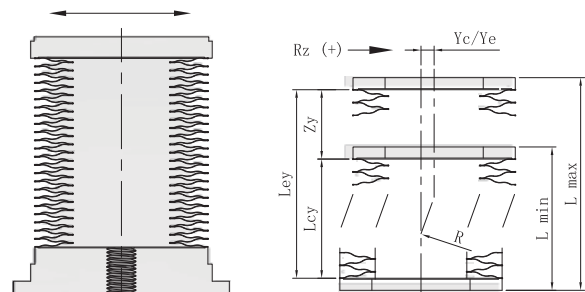
Lateral

The flange surfaces shift sideways during lateral movement while always remaining parallel.

The maximal lateral stroke of an edge welded bellow depends on the assembly length.

Abbreviations lateral

- Ry + positive direction of force
- Yc lateral stroke at Lcy
- Ye lateral stroke at Ley
- Lcy min. bellow length at given lateral stroke
- Ley max. bellow length at given lateral stroke
- Lmin min. assembly dimension incl. end fittings from seal to seal
- Lmax max. assembly dimension incl. end fittings from seal to seal
- Zy possible axial stroke at given lateral stroke Yc/Ye

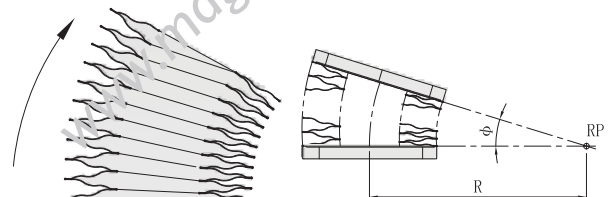


Angular

The center axis of the bellow forms a bend with the radius "R" at angular movement (see figure). Not only the angle of rotation but also the location of the center of rotation is very important for dimensioning.

Key angular

- RP the center of the bow of the bellow axis results from Lc and le
- R Radius of the bellow axis
- Φ angle between the flange surfaces according to specification
- Φ/MP angular stroke per convolution, catalog value
- n number of convolutions
- Φ = Φ/MP × n



Design And Connectors

连接设计

Depending on the application, welded metal bellows consist of a number of moulded thin metal plates (diaphragms) which are welded together alternately at their inner or outer diameter. Two of these at the inner diameter welded plates form a convolution.

Usually, bellows will not be supplied without solid connections, so-called end fittings. The weld seam between the bellow and the end fitting needs a special preparation.



Materials

材质

We offer welded metal bellows and the appropriate flanges and end fittings in different materials. We use stainless steel 1.4435 (AISI 316L) as standard for welded metal bellows. The flanges and end fittings can be made from stainless steel 304, 304L or 316L. If a very low magnetic permeability $\mu_r \leq 1.005$ is required, the flanges can be made of stainless steel 1.4429 in ESR quality. For welded metal bellows of AM350 we use flanges and end fittings from stainless steel 316L.

In addition, the special material Titanium Grade I can be used if the welded metal bellows are used in an especially corrosive environment. In this case the flanges have to be made of Titanium Grade I. Edge welded bellows of a nickel-based alloy (Haynes 242) are applicable for processes with temperatures up to 600 °C, depending on the environmental conditions even up to 1000 °C. The appropriate flanges will be manufactured of the nickel-based alloy AU600.

Standard materials

1.4435 (AISI 316L): austenitic stainless steel (C: < 0.03 %; Cr: 1 % - 18 %; Ni: 10 % - 14 %)

magnetic permeability $\mu_r \leq 1.1$; good weldability; good corrosion resistance; operation temperature up to +450 °C; suitable for cryogenic applications; for applications up to 500,000 cycles

AM 350 (AISI 633): mostly austenitic Cr-Ni steel with ca. 10 % ferrite, thus higher magnetic permeability; good weldability; nonresistant to anorganic acids; operation temperature up to +250 °C; not suitable for cryogenic applications; due to high elasticity and stability suitable up to 10 million cycles

Special materials (longer delivery time than standard materials)

Titanium Grade I: pure titanium, nonalloy; lowest magnetic permeability; cannot be welded to other materials; good corrosion resistance; embrittles at temperatures above +350 °C

Nickel-based alloys (Haynes 242, Hastelloy®, Inconel®, AU600): alloy on nickel basis; difficult to weld (if so, higher leak rates can result); excellent resistance in oxidizing and reductive media; operation temperature up to +1000 °C, in corrosive environment to ca. +600 °C

Important hint: The choice of material has to be made based on the specific requirements of the application

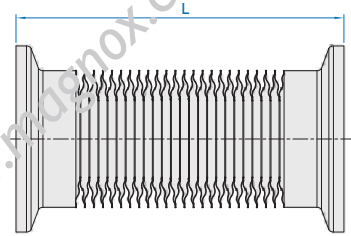
Welded Metal Bellows

Standard Edge Welded Bellows

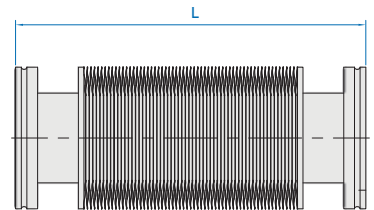
标准焊接波纹管

Quick availability of standard dimensions, in stock bellow material stainless steel 316L; flange material stainless steel 316L.

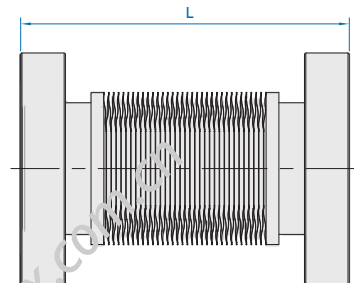
KF Flanges Edge Weld Bellows		
Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm
		L
66710-0016	KF16	100/OPTION
66710-0025	KF25	100/OPTION
66710-0040	KF40	100/OPTION
66710-0050	KF50	100/OPTION



ISO Flanges Edge Weld Bellows		
Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm
		L
66711-0063	IS063	100/OPTION
66711-0080	IS080	100/OPTION
66711-0100	IS0100	100/OPTION
66711-0160	IS0160	100/OPTION
66711-0200	IS0200	100/OPTION



CF Flanges Edge Weld Bellows		
Part Number	Flange Size	Dimensions, mm
		L
66712-0133	CF16	100/OPTION
66712-0275	CF35	100/OPTION
66712-0338	CF50	100/OPTION
00712-0450	CF63	100/OPTION
66712-0600	CF100	100/OPTION
66712-0800	CF160	100/OPTION



Welded Metal Bellows

Service And Repair

服务和维修

Besides the manufacturing of custom edge welded bellows, we deliver replacement bellows. In addition, we are able to offer the repair of damaged bellows. This includes bellow feedthroughs of valve drives, coupling elements, manipulators, etc.

A drawing, a precise sketch or a photo, if available, is essential for quotation. You can also send a sample or the damaged bellow for the estimation of costs. In this case, please contact us before shipping, so we can start working immediately on receipt of the goods.



Notes

The following criteria have to be considered:

◆ Conditions of surrounding area

Bake-out temperature, operating pressure, operating temperature, possible torsion and the inspection pressure affecting the life cycle directly.

◆ Vacuum inside the welded metal bellow (outside overpressure)

Edge welded bellows are stabilized by the vacuum inside. They can be up to ten times as long as the outside diameter in case of horizontal installation. However, the bellow will become unstable in case of zero pressure difference.

◆ Vacuum outside the welded metal bellow (inside overpressure)

In this case the bellow is very unstable and will buckle soon. The bellow needs to be axially stabilized by guiding elements.

◆ Horizontal installation of long welded metal bellows

The deflection of the edge welded bellows has to be considered especially in this installation position.

It is recommended to split the bellows with intermediate rings into fragment bellows and put up the intermediate rings into a guidance system.

◆ Vertical installation of long welded metal bellows

It needs to be considered that the diaphragm on top always has to carry the weight of the whole edge welded bellow. Therefore, the edge welded bellow should also be split into segments by intermediate rings and should be released by rods or wire for traction relief.



Welded Metal Bellows

Product Application Industry

产品应用行业

Welded Metal Bellows is widely used throughout the manufacturing industry.

Because high levels of weld quality control and reliability are required,

High End Market is dominated by only few leading companies national market, including MAGNOX.

- ◆ Maintain internal and external sealing of the product
- ◆ Tilt and swivel, compression and stretching is possible
- ◆ High durability in a high temperature, a high pressure, and a corrosive environment

Application



Automotive Systems



Aviation/Aerospace Systems



Implantable Medical Devices



Irrigation Processes



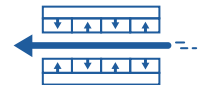
Semiconductor Manufacturing



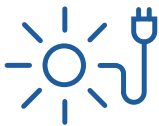
Commercial Batteries



Relay Cases



Accelerator



Energy(Solar)



Oil & Gas



Hydrogen



Nuclear



Weapon Systems



Chemical



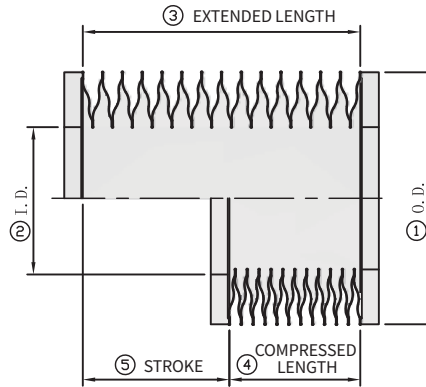
FPD



High Speed Train

Welded Metal Bellows Design Request

焊接波纹管设计式样委托书



① Bellows Capsule Maximum O.D.: _____ mm
波纹管最大外径:

③ Extended Length: _____ mm
伸展长度(EL):

⑤ Stroke(EL~CL): _____ mm
行程:

⑦ Life Cycle: _____ cycle
寿命:

⑨ Temperature: _____ °C
使用温度:

⑪ Leak Rate : _____ $\text{pa} \cdot \text{m}^3/\text{s He}$
泄漏率:

⑬ Flange material: _____
法兰材料:

⑮ Shaft size: _____ mm
波纹管内部轴直径:

⑰ Process or equipment : _____
工程或设备名称:

② Bellows Capsule Minimum I.D.: _____ mm
波纹管最小内径:

④ Compressed Length: _____ mm
压缩长度(CL):

⑥ Install length: _____ mm
安装长度:

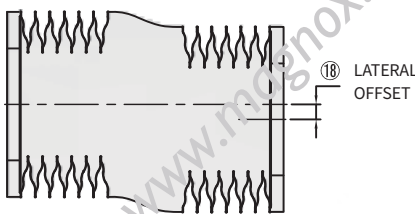
⑧ Vacuum Side : Inside _____ kg/cm^2 .
真空端: 内部
Outside _____ kg/cm^2
外部

⑩ Gas or Fluid: _____
腔体内使用流体(气体/液体):

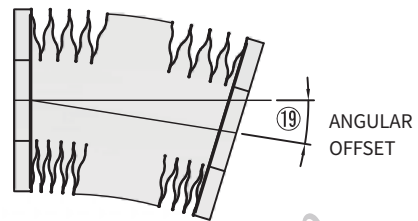
⑫ Bellows Capsule Material: _____
波纹管材料:

⑭ Spring rate: _____ /mm
弹性系数:

⑯ Installation: Vertical() Horizontal()
安装方向: 垂直方向 水平方向



⑱ Lateral Offset: _____ mm
侧向偏移:



⑲ Angular Offset: _____ deg
角度偏移:

※ memo 其他事项要求



MEMO

